

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 18.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT. BENJAMIN HARRISON, OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT. LEVI F. MORTON, OF NEW YORK.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

There will be a Republican Convention for the First Congressional District of Wisconsin held at Clinton Junction, on Thursday, August 24, 1888, at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a delegate to the National Republican Convention for Member of Congress, also to elect a Congressional District Committee for the ensuing two years, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the convention.

Rock County Republican Convention.

A Republican county convention is hereby called to meet at the court house in the city of Janesville, at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, August 23, 1888, for the purpose of electing delegates to the National Republican Convention for Member of Congress, also to elect a Congressional District Committee for the ensuing two years, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the convention.

By Order of the County Committee.

W. T. VANDERKAM, Chairman. A. C. GALE, Secretary.

AMERICAN AND ENGLISH TAXATION.

Miss Frances Willard is one of the most sensible and sincere of reformers, however mistaken she may be as to the best methods of accomplishing special results in certain classes of reform. But she goes beyond her depth when she takes issue with the English system of taxation. Yesterday she was reported as saying that the English system of duties is much better than ours. "England," she said, "raised an immense revenue from import duties, but it was mainly raised from the duties on tea, coffee, spirits, and tobacco—articles on which the whole of the enhanced price occasioned by the duty went into the treasury. The United States," she added, "levies a duty on over four thousand kinds of imported merchandise." etc. Whether Miss Willard approves of raising revenue by a tax on spirits or not, but a small portion of the British revenue comes from "import duties on spirits," as she says. The British revenue from spirits and beer amounts to \$130,000,000, but \$110,000,000 of this amount is an excise, or internal revenue tax. —Chicago Journal.

One of the strangest things connected with the politics of the day is the spirit and aim of each third-party leaders as Miss Willard. They do not seem to care whether they hit the truth or strike a thousand miles from it. Of late Miss Willard seems to be unfortunate in all her political utterances. Scarcely any one would accuse her of knowingly making misrepresentations, but she makes them, nevertheless, and in a very reckless sort of a way. The paragraph taken from the Journal is a fair example of the work she is engaged in. Her speeches last year in Tennessee and Michigan show how utterly careless and unreliable the woman is when she takes politics and wants to carry her point.

Miss Willard appears to have borrowed the democratic lie that there are four thousand articles imported on which custom duties are levied. If she will take the time to investigate the matter she will learn that there is a vast difference between 937 and 4000.

But the strangest point in Miss Willard's speech is that concerning the British system of taxation, which she says is much better than ours. Does Miss Willard know what the British system is? It looks as though she does not. Does she know anything about American taxation which goes directly to the support of the government? The chances are that she does not.

Now, here are some facts for Miss Willard and her followers to learn and remember. There is not a country on the face of the globe in which the common people pay so little for the support of the government as in the United States. Unless they drink liquor, use tobacco, or wear imported clothes in their clothing they do not pay a dollar for the support of the national government. The American people know nothing of taxation compared with the people of other countries. If the readers of the Gazette want to know how astonishingly burdensome the English system is, and how it touches every sort of business, let them look at this kind of taxation which the people of England have imposed upon them, for it must be understood that the direct taxation of that country touches all that a man owns or uses or does for the purpose of earning a living, while in this country nothing whatever of that kind is levied, except when a man sells liquor or tobacco.

"In England a man is taxed \$100 before he can practice as an attorney, \$125 before he can practice as a physician; he is taxed if he makes a written agreement to do or buy anything; he is taxed if he makes a lease to rent a house worth \$100 a year or more; he must pay a tax of \$40 before he can study law under a licensed attorney, and this in addition to the tax of \$150 which he afterwards pays for admission to practice. He is taxed \$50 if he sell anything by auction; he is taxed on every note he executes payable to him; he is taxed for each mortgage that he executes, and for every deed of conveyance that he makes; he is taxed if he

OLD OCEAN'S VICTIMS.

The Death-List by the Golear Horror Numbers 113.

THE THINGALLA REACHES HALIFAX.

Captain Lamb, Her Commander, Tells the Story of the Catastrophe—An Investigation to Be Made—Some of the Victims.

COUNTING THE LOSS.

New York, Aug. 18.—The collision of the steamers Thingalla and Golear was disastrous everywhere, maritime circles. The main cause was as to who was to blame for the disaster. It is now certain that 115 persons perished when the Golear went down. Here is the corrected list:

Passengers lost: Mrs. John H. Johnson and child, of Grimsburg, Wis., were lost with the Golear. An Eau Claire passenger was in the sunken steamer.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—It is definitely known that the many courageous avenging came from Chicago: Miss Eida Solberg, Mrs. Ellen Seebus, wife of the bookkeeper of the Chicago Standard. Mrs. Seebus was on her way to visit her old home in Grimsburg, Wis., where she was born. Mr. Peterson, Mrs. John S. Johnson and baby.

FACTS ABOUT THE FEVER.

Leading Citizens of Jacksonville, Fla., Issue a Statement Concerning the Character of the Disease and Correcting Misstatements.

New Orleans, Aug. 18.—A dispatch from Jacksonville says that at 8 p. m. four new cases were reported. There were no deaths. All danger is considered past. The weather is cool.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Aug. 18.—The following statement signed by leading citizens of Jacksonville has been prepared for circulation, the many courageous avenging reports of the conditions of affairs here rendering the statement necessary. The signers vouch for the truth of this statement:

There have been thirty-two cases of yellow fever in Jacksonville since the first case was introduced three weeks ago. These cases have been either sent to Santa Rosa Hospital or isolated at their homes. Four of these have died, and have recovered only in the morning. The most vigorous measures are being taken to prevent the spread of the infection and to thoroughly cleanse the city, and it is felt that an epidemic will be averted and that the disease will be stamped out within two or three weeks. The fact that the fever has been slow to spread beyond the original local points and the evident mild character of the disease give the strongest reason for the belief that the conditions are not favorable to its propagation. Consequently, the citizens are calm and confident. While many have left the city in accordance with the wishes of the health authorities, there is no panic or serious apprehension among those who remain.

"Our people are devoting themselves nobly to the public service or attending to their usual avocations. There are no cases of contagious diseases out of Jacksonville. There has been no trouble or disturbance among them, not even a threat of violence. Those who are ready are ready to do anything for the relief of the city. There were only eleven deaths last week in this city of more than 30,000 inhabitants, only one of these being from yellow fever, and the general health of the people of Jacksonville during the past thirty days and at the present time will compare favorably with that of any city of like size anywhere. While generous offers of aid have been tendered from different quarters the authorities and citizens feel that for the present they are able and prefer to rely on their own resources."

The above is signed by James W. Archibald, acting mayor; and J. K. Daniel, president Auxiliary Sanitary Association, and Edward Martin, editor Times-Union.

MASSACRE IN MOROCCO.

Two Hundred Imperial Troops Put to the Sword by Rebels.

TANGIER, Aug. 17.—The Emperor recently, at the request of the rebels, sent Prince Moulay to treat with them. He was accompanied by a corps of 300 cavalrymen. An ambush was laid for him by the rebels, and when Moulay came up the insurgents attacked them and massacred the whole force. The rebels were due to a desire for revenge upon the Emperor for killing the delegates sent by the insurgents to treat for peace, and for whom the Emperor had promised a safe conduct.

The Mahone-Vigo Controversy.

New York, Aug. 18.—The Executive Committee of the National Republican Convention has decided in the Mahone-Vigo controversy that Mahone's proposition to submit the question as to whether the six contested districts of Virginia to the district conventions to be convened for nominating Congressmen should be accepted, but that in the interest of harmony the persons calling the conventions to order should not designate the temporary chairmen, but the selection of chairmen should be left entirely to the conventions.

Sons of Veterans Elect Officers.

WINDSOR, N. Y., Aug. 15.—The National Commandery of the Sons of Veterans elected the following officers: Commander-in-Chief, George R. Abbott, of Illinois; Lieutenant-General, E. H. Milham, of Massachusetts; Major-General, John H. Smith, of Connecticut; W. E. Bundy, of Ohio; R. L. Oberholzer, of Missouri; and C. B. Cooke, of Dakota.

Two Children Burned to Death.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 15.—Frank, Philip and Theresa Schranz, aged 10, 7 and 5 years respectively, children of a Greenfield farmer, were left alone while their parents came here to market. They played with parlor matches in the parlor's absence set fire to the house, and Philip and Theresa were burned to death.

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AUGUST, THIS YEAR!

The season just opening up promises to be a prosperous one, notwithstanding it being a campaign year and universally supposed to be a bad one for business. It may or may not be so, but there is one thing we do know and that is, our past season has been more than good. We do not trouble ourselves as to the question of free trade or protection; we leave that for wiser heads than ours, but we have a little platform of our own in which you will find one PET PLANK, which we never change, and that is, THOUGHTFULNESS and CONSIDERATION for the interest of customers. We go into the market with the cash and are thereby enabled to take advantage of all the discounts our cash entitles us to and which in turn we give to our customers in the shape of

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES ON DESIRABLE DRY GOODS

A study of our weekly announcements will verify this and prove a benefit to our patrons. Before many days we will be enabled to present to you

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF NEW FALL GOODS IN THE CITY.

and we are certain that prices will always be right—that means a shade lower than others. The balance of this month will be devoted to a grand clearing sale of all summer goods.

Clearing Price on WHITE GOODS, WASH GOODS, FLOUNCINGS, PARASOLS, SUMMER Underwear, SUMMER HOSIERY, SUMMER Millinery. EVERY LINE THAT COMES UNDER THIS HEADING AT PRICES TO CLOSE. ARCHIE REID.

Our Fall Woolens. HAVE ARRIVED. To make room for them in our stock we offer WONDERFUL INDUCEMENTS, FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS 10 TEN DAYS. ON Our Summer Weights Also in our Furnishing Goods and Hats. We will sell at and below cost. RE-MEMBER FOR 10 DAYS ONLY. J. L. FORD, Merchant Tailor, 51 W. Milwaukee St.

LOWELL'S Cash Hardware Store. At 14 River Street, E. Hall's old stand, is the place to buy good Hardware Cheap For Cash. Stock new and fresh. A good Tin Shop and All Kinds of Repairing.

COAL AND WOOD. New Process CONCRETE WALKS Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Caps And GENTS FURNISHING GOODS. In the city. At popular prices.

HANCHETT & SHELDON, Dealers at wholesale and retail, have now on hand the largest and best selected stock of Hardware, Iron, Wagon Stock, NAILS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE, Stoves, Tinware, Etc. To be found in Southern Wisconsin, and will make prices on same that will DEFY COMPETITION. Among their specialties in stoves this season may be found The Celebrated WEST POINT PARLOR HEATER. Favorite Wood and Coal Ranges and Stoves. Gold Medal and Magic Jewel Cook Stoves. MONITOR OAK. And the best and cheaper lines of coal and wood heaters in the market. Do not fail to examine our stock before buying. Remember First Class Tin Shop & Experienced Workmen.

LADIES! Do your own Dyeing at Home, with PEERLESS DYES. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—40 colors. They have no equal for strength, brightness, amount in packages, or for fastness of color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crack or run. For sale by FINESTOCK & LUTHERSON, Janesville, Wis. FOR RENT. 30 acres of excellent land, commodious dwelling house, large outbuildings and barns. Four miles east of Janesville. For terms call or address Attorney at Law, Janesville, Wis., No. 18, West Milwaukee St., 1st door west of postoffice. THIS PAPER may be ordered by mail at 50c per copy. It is published by the Janesville Daily Gazette Co. at 50c per copy. It is published by the Janesville Daily Gazette Co. at 50c per copy.

